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10ME81

Eighth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021
Operations Management

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. Enumerate the basic techniques to improve productivity. (10 Marks)
 b. The input and output data of ABC Company for a particular time period is given below :
 Output = Rs 1,00,00,000 Human input = Rs 1,00,000
 Material input = Rs 25,00,000 Capital input = Rs 15,00,000
 Energy input = Rs 50,000 Other expenses input = 40,000
 Determine total factor and total productivity. (10 Marks)

- 2 a. Describe the characteristics of Operations decisions. (10 Marks)
 b. Annual fixed cost at a small textile shop is Rs 46,000 and variable costs are estimated at 50% of the Rs 40 per unit selling price.
 i) Find BEP.
 ii) What profit would result from a volume of 3000 units? (10 Marks)

- 3 a. What is Forecasting? Explain the elements of good forecasting. (10 Marks)
 b. As you can see in the following table, demand for heart transplant surgery at a Hospital has increased steadily in the past few years.

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6
Heart transplants	45	50	52	56	58	?

The director of medical services predicted 6 years ago that demand in year 1 would be 41 surgeries.

- i) Use exponential smoothing. First with a smoothing constant of 0.6 and then with one of 0.9 to develop forecast for years 2 through 6. Find MAD.
 ii) Use a 3 – year moving average to forecast demand in years 1 through 6. Find MAD. (10 Marks)
- 4 a. Explain the techniques useful for evaluating capacity alternatives. (10 Marks)
 b. List and explain the factors affecting location decisions. (10 Marks)
- 5 a. Explain the inputs and outputs of Master Scheduling process. (10 Marks)
 b. Consider a three period modal where regular and overtime productions are used. The production capacities for the three periods are given below :

Production capacities

Period	Production capacity (units)	
	Regular	Overtime
1	15	10
2	15	0
3	20	15

The production cost per unit is Rs 5 for regular production and Rs 10 for overtime production. The holding cost per unit and shortage cost per unit are given by 1 and 2 respectively. The demand units for three periods are 20, 35 and 15 respectively. Determine Optimum production schedule. (10 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- 6 a. List and explain the major reasons for carrying and controlling inventory in Industries. (10 Marks)
- b. Given the data for an item of uniform demand, instantaneous delivery time and back order facility. Annual demand = 800 units ; Cost of an item = Rs 40 ; Ordering cost = Rs 800/order ; Inventory carrying cost = 40% / unit / year. Back order cost = Rs 10/unit/year. Find out
- Economic order quantity.
 - Maximum number of backorder.
 - Time between orders.
 - Total annual cost.
 - Maximum inventory.

(10 Marks)

- 7 a. With the aid of flow chart, explain MRP – II on integrated system for planning and control. (10 Marks)
- b. Determine the net requirements for the three items shown in table below :

	Switches	Microprocessors	Keyboards
Gross requirement	110	28	56
On hand inventory	18	2	7
Inventory on order	12	12	10

(10 Marks)

- 8 a. Explain the step – by – step procurement process followed in Industry. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain the types of E – procurement with examples. (10 Marks)
